

# TURNING POINT 2000

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August 1995

TURNING POINT 2000 is about an enabling (for people), conserving (for the Earth), one-world human community for the 21st century. We aim to encourage moves in this direction, to report our own and other people's activities and ideas, to bring out potential links and synergies between them, to help readers to participate in them or to initiate projects of their own, and to press governments, businesses and other organisations to move in the right direction.

## NEWSLETTER AND MAILING LIST

The newsletter comes out twice yearly - the next issue in January 1996. Please send items for it by 1st January. (If we don't include an item you send us - and even if we do - please use the newsletter to make contact directly with people likely to share your concerns.)

**Suggested Annual Subscriptions.** Personal, voluntary groups, NGOs, etc.: UK and Europe, £5; Worldwide outside Europe, £6. Business Corporations and Government Departments: £20. Other institutions: £10. Reduced charge or free to people, especially in Third World and Eastern European countries, who cannot pay the suggested rates. Donations towards this are welcomed from people who can pay more. All payments in sterling please. Cheques to Turning Point please.

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## THE CHALLENGE OF THE NEXT FOUR YEARS

The first Turning Point meeting - at Conway Hall, Red Lion Square, London - was on 29th November 1975, nearly twenty years ago, and the Year 2000 is little more than four years away. The challenge now is not just to communicate a practical, positive vision of the future. It is also to identify and overcome obstacles to moving towards it. For examples see pages 2, 3 and 4. Please tell us of any obstacles that you see as particularly important. We plan to focus on obstacles and how to overcome them, in the next newsletter and in seminars next spring. Until then, no seminars are planned.

## SOUTH AFRICA

We plan to visit South Africa in February/March 1996, to meet like-minded people and groups. We will welcome any suggestions. (It will be Alison's first visit. James was last there in 1960, as a member of Prime Minister Harold Macmillan's "Wind of Change" staff.)

## OVERCOMING OBSTACLES TO PROGRESS

Plenty of evidence comes our way that the need for a new path of progress, and its nature, are much more widely understood now than in 1975. Indeed, one obstacle to guard against is "the magical temptation threatening all kinds of intellectuals in this century who desperately wanted to be able to witness their ideas reflected in social reality, to the extent of becoming oblivious to the actual discrepancy between ideal and reality" - *Humanity, Society and Commitment*, p.99 (see p.9). Today's reality is that, although Soviet communism has collapsed, the old mainstream structures of power (and ideas) are still strongly entrenched in the rest of the world.

So the challenge is not only to present a clear vision of a new direction that will enable people to liberate ourselves from present structures of dependency, and to enjoy our fair share of commonly created resources and values, develop our full capacities, help one another, and conserve and treasure life on Earth.

It is also to identify obstacles to changing to this new path, and to show how they can be overcome. Some specific examples follow. They often involve compulsive habits to acquire new, and cling to old, power and status in the snakes-and-ladders struggle for career success and survival. A serious obstacle would be a belief that our "leaders", "decision makers" and "opinion formers" - imprisoned in today's systems of compartmentalised politics, government, business, finance, the professions, academe and the media - can give a decisive lead. If they are competent, they can minimise the damage they do; and they can yield to change. But it is for us, as citizens, to provide the engine of change - like the German citizens whose Brent Spar boycott recently made Shell and the UK government look so silly.

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"The poor are completely capable of changing their own lives with their own efforts, provided barriers which are put around them by the existing system are removed. All people are endowed with incredible potentials. But, for the poor and the small producers, these potentials remain unexplored". Four 13-day GRAMEEN INTERNATIONAL DIALOGUE PROGRAMMES will be held in 1996 (March, May, August/September, November/December) for potential replicators in other countries of the Grameen Bank approach to poverty alleviation. Details from Grameen Trust (Mirpur Two, Dhaka - 1216, Bangladesh).

Public relations firms create bogus grassroots campaigns in support of business corporations' local interests. PR WATCH, Vol.2, No.2, 1995 (Center For Media And Democracy, 3318 Gregory Street, Madison, WI 53711, USA; Editor: John C. Stauber) examines how corporate wealth penetrates the democratic process by "astroturf lobbying".

"The industries that benefit most from corporate tax breaks are those that pollute the environment", including agribusiness, mining, oil and gas, timber and chemicals. CONSUMER CURRENTS, June 1995 (PO Box 1045, 10830 Penang, Malaysia) reports Friends of the Earth's findings - in *Dirty Little Secrets: Polluters Save While People Pay* - that tax breaks for polluters cost taxpayers US\$4 billion a year.

Economists assume that rich-country people's lives are worth 10 or 15 times more than poor-country people's (CONSUMER CURRENTS, May 1995 (see above) and *Independent On Sunday*, 23rd July 1995), and conclude that the threat of global warming need not be taken too seriously.

IN MEMORY WARS: THE POLITICS OF REMEMBERING THE ASIA-PACIFIC WAR, a July 1995 Analysis from the East-West Center (1777 East-West Road, Honolulu, Hawaii 96848, USA), Geoffrey M. White concludes that "media references to official policies and conservative pronouncements as the Japanese attitude are reinforced both by Western (racial) images of Japan as a monolithic society and by Japanese myths of cultural uniqueness". Media-promoted simplification distorts the flow of ideas and interpretations across national boundaries.

McDonalds spends \$1 billion a year on advertising. The Attorney Generals of New York, California and Texas recently concluded that the overall impact of a McDonalds' advertising campaign was "to deceive consumers into believing that McDonalds' food is healthy and wholesome", and asked them to call it off immediately. FARM AND FOOD NEWS, March 1995 (4 Willifield Way, London NW11 7XT; Joanne Bower).

OPEN EYE: CHALLENGING MEDIA CENSORSHIP, Issue 3, 1995, £1.50 (BM Open Eye, London WC1N 3XX) includes Noam Chomsky on "The Free Trade Myth" and Vandana Shiva on "The New Repression". It also includes investigations of "the techniques used in the secret war against the Green movement" by MI5 and the Special Branch, and of dirty tricks both to promote and to discredit alternative medicine.

"The traditional indicator of economic growth transforms a failure into a success. GNP rises in the wake of a production process that disregards the environment, and it rises still further when the resulting environmental damages are mitigated through economic activities". Dr Christian Leipert (Bleibtrenstrasse 53, D-10623 Berlin, Germany) writes on "Defensive Expenditures" in a new Club of Rome Report ACCOUNTING WITH NATURE.

Only a tiny proportion of lending for energy by the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the European Investment Bank and the World Bank, is invested in energy efficiency and reduction of energy demand. Writing on "The Need for Energy Efficiency" in Eastern Europe, in ACID NEWS, June 1995 (Swedish NGO Secretariat on Acid Rain, Box 245, S-401 24 Goteborg, Sweden), Stewart Boyle lists some institutional obstacles to higher investment in energy efficiency.

"Many local authorities want to favour local production. On average the food which people in Sweden eat has been transported from as far away as Paris, and the clothes they wear have often travelled round the world. Buying locally produced goods and thus saving on transport is perhaps the most effective way individual consumers can help to conserve energy and relieve pressure on the environment. But there is a problem: public bodies cannot insist on local production when ordering goods and services without infringing European Union rules". Kristina Faxen writes on Local Agenda 21 in ENVIRO, June 1995 (Swedish Environmental Protection Agency, S-106 48 Stockholm).

The IMF and World Bank may see Costa Rica as a success story, but many Costa Ricans do not. They are actively working on alternatives. Alicia Korten's 74pp, June 1995, Development Report, "A Bitter Pill: Structural Adjustment in Costa Rica" (FOOD FIRST, Institute for Food and Development Policy, 398 60th Street, Oakland, CA 94618, USA) concludes that "the negative impacts of structural adjustment policies have had a particularly tragic character in Costa Rica, because they have undermined the very qualities that have made the country stand out from most of its Latin-American neighbours - an educated workforce, strong commitment to environmental preservation and long-standing democratic traditions".

## OVERCOMING OBSTACLES (continued)

"I see no meaningful way to reform the World Bank. The appropriate action is to close it. Those who seek to reform the Bank miss the basic point that there really is no constructive role in the creation of just and sustainable societies for an organisation that by its basic nature is in the business of getting low-income countries ever more deeply into international debt" - David C. Korten in his July 1995 mailing from People Centred Development Forum (14 E. 17th St., Suite 5, New York, NY 10003, USA).

"The educational system is out of sync with the ecological worldview. Knowledge is split into disciplines which do not speak to one another, nor with the world outside. ... Not only does this reductionism make it impossible for academics to include deep ecology among their studies, but it makes the whole system irrelevant to the emerging world". From PACIFIC WORLD, May 1995 (PO Box 12125, Wellington, New Zealand; Editor: George Porter).

"The present model of economic progress is leading to the breakdown of social cohesion, to violence and to despair". 34 distinguished signatories appealed in *Le Monde* on 28th June for a national debate on Unemployment. Many were associates of EUROPE 99 (21 Bd de Grenelle, 75015 Paris, France; Valerie Peugeot), whose April 1995 discussion document "What is at stake at the 1996 Intergovernmental Conference" proposes a drastic shift in priorities, and abandonment of the myth that social wellbeing will automatically result from economic prosperity. Their 14pp paper (June 1995) on "Work, Employment and Activity in Europe" is on how to respond to the passing of the waged society ("le depassement de la societe salariale"). The March/April 1995 issue of their journal TRANSVERSALES: SCIENCE/CULTURE focused on "L'Alternative".

Why are the politicians, officials, professionals and managers who deal (not very successfully) with law and order, unsocial behaviour and mental health, unwilling to research the efficacy of a new approach which could save millions of public money? Evidence, reported in NETWORK (the Scientific and Medical Network Review, Lesser Halings, Tilehouse Lane, Denham, Uxbridge, Middlesex UB9 5DG; editor: David Lorimer) suggests that offenders, as a group, do not enjoy as good a nutritional status as the general population. Research by Prof Derek Bryce-Smith (Highland Wood House, Mill Lane, Kidmore End, Reading) shows that hyperactivity - which predisposes towards antisocial behaviour - can be part of an allergic response to certain food additives and preservatives, and is often associated with zinc deficiency and hypoglycaemia. Eighteen years work by the HYPERACTIVE CHILDREN'S SUPPORT GROUP (Secretary: Sally Bunday, 71 Whyke Lane, Chichester, West Sussex PO19 2LD) has demonstrated the validity of this approach, and yet "no one, as usual, listens" (HACSG Journal, Spring/Summer 1995). Meanwhile, NATURAL JUSTICE (1 Trinity Hall, The Gill, Ulverston, Cumbria LA12 7BJ) is developing nutritional rehabilitation programmes for offenders, and GROWING STRAIGHT (Outalong, Lower Broad Oak Road, West Hill, Ottery St. Mary, Devon EX11 1XH; Peter Bennett) is developing a nutritional assessment and correction programme for difficult children aged 9-14.

"Cultural misogyny" can cause male theological bias. "It is imperative for Muslim women to study the Koran, not only to know what is in the Koran, but to know what is not in the Koran". IDOC Internazionale (via Santa Maria dell'Anima 30, 00186 Rome, Italy) April/June 1995, is on "Faith and She: Islamic Women Speak".

## WORLD DEVELOPMENT AND PEACE

DEVELOPMENT, 1995:1 (Society for International Development, Palazzo della Civiltà del Lavoro, 00144 Rome, Italy), focuses on the coming UN Conference on Women in Beijing. Gita Sen writes: "A gender perspective means recognising that women stand at the crossroads between production and reproduction, between economic activity and the care of human beings, and therefore between economic growth and human development. They are the workers in both spheres - those ... most sensitive to the need for better integration between the two".

The 'feminisation of power' makes people uneasy if they understand power in macho terms. Power must now be seen as what makes the system work - "like photosynthesis generating growth in plants". It is the creative human energy that we share with one another, in which we discover new and better ways of doing things. This kind of power is only real when shared. Sarah Harder on "Twenty Years on the Road to Beijing", in SURVIVING TOGETHER, Spring 1995 (ISAR, 1601 Connecticut Ave NW, Suite 301, Washington, DC 20009, USA).

Two global crises are converging, one demographic and environmental, the other "the explosive potential of the increasing sense of a gulf between the world's rich and poor". In an excellent 12-page Briefing Paper, March 1995, on NUCLEAR PROLIFERATION (International Security Information Service, Carrara House, 20 Embankment Place, London WC2N 6NN) Ronald Higgins and Prof John Ziman conclude that working for a North/South compact is the only realistic approach to international, and therefore national, security for countries like Britain.

FIRE AND FORGET is a notably useful information pack from Commonweal (41 George IV Bridge, Edinburgh EH1 1EL; Liz South). Eight two-page briefing papers on topics from "Global Militarisation" to "Nuclear Proliferation" are followed by Reflections and Biblical References, Resources and Contacts, and how to lobby Members of Parliament.

THE DRESDEN TRUST (Alan Russell, 3 Western Road, Littlehampton, West Sussex BN17 5JP), through which people in Britain can contribute to the reconstruction of the Frauenkirche as a symbol of reconciliation and a memorial to all victims of aerial bombardment, hopes to give the great Golden Orb and Cross that will crown the rebuilt church.

EARTHACTION (9 White Lion Street, London N1 9PD - Nicholas Dunlop; and 30 Cottage Street, Amherst, MA 01002, USA - Lois Barber) is a network of more than 1000 citizen groups - and individual citizens, national legislators and journalists - in over 125 countries, campaigning on environment, development, peace and human rights.

Charlotte Waterlow's (12 Newcombe Court, Victoria Road, Cirencester, Glos GL7 1EN) 6-page impressions of the Copenhagen WORLD SUMMIT FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT in March conclude that a "weakness of the Summit's proposals was the underlying affirmation that the responsibility for its Programme of Action lies with national governments".

Ako Forben (25 Byrne House, Kett Gardens, London SW2) is director of the African Centre for the Humanities. His 122pp booklet GLOBALISATION: THE AFRICAN PERSPECTIVE, 1995, £6.99, includes a description of ACH and a directory of organisations and publications.

The Organisation for Nuclear Disarmament and World Peace (11 Gautam Palli, Lucknow 226001, India; president, Dr Ammar Rizvi) is planning an international UN + 50 conference towards the end of this year.

## THE LOCAL DIMENSION

"May I make a suggestion to every reader, and that is simply to ring or write to your Local Authority and ask to be put in the Agenda 21 picture for the place where you live - and take it from there!". Peter Cadogan (3 Hinchinbrook House, Greville Road, London NW6 5UP) writes on "Agenda 21: An Opportunity" in THE GANDHI WAY, Summer 1995 (The Gandhi Foundation, Kingsley Hall, Powis Road, London E3 3JH).

TOWARDS LOCAL SUSTAINABILITY, 1995, 52pp, £5, is a useful review of current UK activity on Local Agenda 21, written by Chris Church and produced by the United Nations Association Sustainable Development Unit (UNA, 3 Whitehall Court, London SW1A 2EL) and the Community Development Foundation (60 Highbury Grove, London N5 2AG). Sections include: the 'Sustainable Communities' approach; the process and the players; seven case studies; the need for active democracy.

Vera Elliott (Flat 3, 16 Royal Esplanade, Westbrook, Margate, Kent CT9 5DX) tells us that the Sutton Centre for Environmental Initiatives is "in good hands, going from strength to strength implementing Local Agenda 21 and Towards A Sustainable Sutton". Her 8-page Discussion Document TOWARDS A SUSTAINABLE THANET (available on paper or disk) is a model for local sustainability anywhere. It lists aims, ideas for action, areas to be addressed, and suggested participants for: building communities and reducing traffic; uses of local land; developing satisfying lifestyles and the local economy; local energy action; and resourcefulness and waste reduction.

"By 1996, all Local Authorities are expected to have in place a Local Agenda 21 policy, built up through grassroots participation. Do you know how to go about it? NIF can assist you in this process" - JIGSAW, Spring 1995, newsletter of the Neighbourhood Initiatives Foundation (The Poplars, Lightmoor, Telford TF4 3QN).

GAP News, May 1995 (Global Action Plan UK, 3rd Floor, 42 Kingsway, London WC2B 6EX) reports that 1800 households have joined, 25 Local Authorities are supporting local schemes, and 120 local volunteer guides have been trained to help people through the 6-month programme to reduce waste and pollution and save energy and resources.

The agenda for the Building Sustainable Communities conference, planned for the weekend of 28 June 1996 by the E.F. SCHUMACHER SOCIETY (RD3, Box 76, Great Barrington, MA 01230, USA; Bob Swann) will include local currency projects, community land trusts, citizen-based environmental projects, worker-owned businesses, etc.

A research programme recently launched by SOUTH-NORTH NETWORK (174 rue Joseph II, B-1040 Brussels, Belgium; contact Thierry Verhelst) is on "Economic Organisation and Local Cultures". Possible topics include the influence of Confucianism on local worker/management relations and business behaviour in Japan, Korea and Singapore; and local examples of Buddhist Economics in Thailand, Burma, Sri Lanka.

"Experiences of Fighting Exclusion through Economic Initiatives in Southern Europe", a 67pp booklet (1994) from IRED NORD (via Tacito 10, 00193 Rome, Italy; Maria Teresa Cobelli) identifies "a vicious circle in which economic growth is achieved at the price of social exclusion". It asks: "Is it possible to invent forms of economic development which are compatible with social integration, extension of social welfare, participation and citizenship?". Annexes describe innovative local initiatives from Greece, Italy, Spain and Portugal.

The new ASTON REINVESTMENT TRUST (ART, Swan House, Hospital Street & Summer Lane, Birmingham B19 3PY; Development Manager Pat Conaty) was launched in April by the Lord Mayor at the Birmingham branch of the Bank of England. "Bringing new life back to a deprived inner city has to start from the roots. Our aim is to encourage inner-city projects which are not bankable in the normal way and to back local, small-scale initiatives" - Sir Adrian Cadbury, ART's Chairman.

INNER CITY ACTION, a "flagship programme" of the Civic Trust Regeneration Unit (17 Carlton House Terrace, London SW1Y 5AW; contact Ian Campbell), helps community groups and organisations to deliver real economic gains for deprived communities in inner city areas.

The first issue of SATIS, newsletter of the Network for Human Scale Development (SA) (PO Box 34678, 7937 Groote Schuur, South Africa; John Clarke) focuses on training in human scale development.

Stephen Plowden (69 Albert Street, London NW1 7LX) and Mayer Hillman advise the House of Commons Environment Committee that "the right policy for planning authorities is to forbid superstores altogether and to work towards a pattern of retail outlets which will provide as many people as possible with at least one good food store (probably a small or medium-sized supermarket) within walking distance. In villages and small towns such shops should be in the centre".

DORSET-WISE is an annual directory of environmental, peace, and Third World groups in Dorset - 1995 edition £1 + 30p p&p, from Christchurch Epicentre (Druitt Hall Approach, off the High Street, Christchurch, Dorset BH23 1AB). Deadline for entries for 1996 is 30th January. Editor Wendy Ashby also coordinates GLOSA World-Language Educational Organisation (PO Box 18, Richmond, Surrey TW9 2AU).

Political democracy cannot fulfil people's hopes and aspirations. Economic democracy is necessary. Local people must control economic power. Local raw materials must be used to promote their prosperity, and the outflow of local capital must be stopped. NEW RENAISSANCE, Vol.5, No.1 (Weisenauer Weg 4, 55129 Mainz, Germany) includes P.R. Sarkar on "Economic Democracy". Also see p.11.

TERRITOIRES is the monthly review of l'Association pour la democratie et l'education locale et sociale (ADELS, 108-110 rue Saint-Maur, 75011 Paris, France). Issue No.354, January 1995, was on "Experiences en Europe: Citoyennete Sociale, Citoyennete Locale".

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The BLAKE SOCIETY (St. James's, 197 Piccadilly, London W1V 0LL) has a Journal. Issue 1 costs £4 inc p&p from editor Jim Dewhurst (Broomey Leys, 20 Stoneleigh Close, Coventry CV8 3DE). Contributors include Peter Cadogan, Kathleen Raine, Peter Parker and George Goyder. Excellent. If William Blake interests you at all, do get a copy.

"What are you running / Away from? You take yourself / Everywhere you go". In THE WEEKEND HAIKU BOOK Margaret Chisman provides a pair of haikus and a musing on them for each weekend of the year. Cheques for £3 (includes p&p) to M.N. Chisman (The Bungalow, Tring Station, Herts HP23 5QX). Super value.

SEYMOUR'S SEAMARKS - John Seymour's Sea Poems beautifully illustrated by Connie Lindqvist - is published by Academic Inn Books (Peter Etherden, Custom House, 7 High Street, Rye, East Sussex TN31 7JE).

## BOOKS RECEIVED

**Heather Couzyn: THE COSMIC MICROBE: A POSITIVE VISION FOR THE FUTURE:** Headway Books (Birch Hagg House, Low Mill, York YO6 6XJ), 1995, 306pp, pbk, £11.95. "If coherence of the system is the only law, in Gaian as in molecular evolution, and if individual freedom of choice acts to bring this coherence to fruition, how, from moment to moment, are we to make that choice? ... Our need is the self-organisation of ten billion independent minds into a corporate will". Combining our new understanding of biology and ecosystems with the integrating power of computers, can we model our socio-economic structures on the communication and interdependency networks of living organisms, and replace money with information? Very stimulating. Do read it.

**Barbara Brandt: WHOLE LIFE ECONOMICS: REVALUING DAILY LIFE:** New Society Publishers, Philadelphia, 1995, 245pp, pbk, \$14.95 (available from Jon Carpenter Publishing, PO Box 129, Oxford OX1 4PH; £11.99). This excellent North American overview emphasises the pathologies of patriarchal economics and the value of informal economic activity. "The dysfunctional nature of the conventional model is highlighted by the natural-systems model of post modernism, which suggests that in a healthy system the varied parts interact with each other through relationships of mutual interdependence, and no part dominates or monopolises resources or control". Brandt discusses the problems of economic invisibility and economic addiction, the need to go beyond the textbooks, and to make choices that empower.

**Alan Race and Roger Williamson (eds): TRUE TO THIS EARTH: GLOBAL CHALLENGES AND TRANSFORMING FAITH:** One World (185 Banbury Road, Oxford OX2 7AR), 1995, 204pp, pbk, £9.95. Chapters on the challenges of ecology, politics, economics, peace, religion, science, and philosophy, are followed by theological responses. Richard Falk writes of grass roots globalism: "From the perspective of an emergent global civil society, the idea of a citizen pilgrim arises: participating in time, a journey to a preferred future, a pilgrimage that loosens spatial connections, conceives of the Planet as a unity, and associates loyalty with the non-violent struggle to create a better world". Other contributors include Konrad Reiser, Johan Galtung, Mary Midgley and Anne Primavesi.

**Peter Reason (ed): PARTICIPATION IN HUMAN INQUIRY:** Sage, 1994, 220pp, pbk, £12.95. Four chapters by Reason on "Towards A Participatory Worldview" are followed by six case studies and reflections on "The Practice of Participatory Research". In Reason's "story of human development", human consciousness is evolving from the second to the third of three broad phases. First, people live in unconscious communion with their surroundings. Then we develop a separate sense of self and - as in the West today - an alienated consciousness. In the third phase, we will develop a new sense of intentional and aware participation in the evolution and creation of the world.

**Michael Marien: WORLD FUTURES AND THE UNITED NATIONS:** World Future Society, 1995, 116pp, pbk, \$25. This Annotated Guide to 250 Recent Books and Reports covers: recent and long-term trends and futures; eight key elements (politics, peacemaking, information, economy, population & health, environment, development, and women & children); and governance and learning. Marien himself stresses the need for genuinely "holistic" inquiry and discussion, bringing together the work of "scholars who are now locked into narrow and outmoded disciplinary or ideological perspectives" and who simply add "to the global flood of undigested information". An invaluable resource.



Eileen Conn and James Stewart (eds): VISIONS OF CREATION: Godsfield Press, 1995, 139pp, pbk, £9.99. This fine book contains ten short chapters, with references and suggestions for further reading, on Cuthbert of Lindisfarne, John Eriugena, Hildegard of Bingen, Francis of Assisi, Thomas Aquinas, Meister Eckhart, Dante Alighieri, Dame Julian of Norwich, Thomas Hardy and Charles Darwin & Teilhard de Chardin - with a prologue on "Visions of Life" and a concluding chapter on "The Web of Life: Reconnecting with Sacred Cosmos".

Kenneth McRobbie (ed): HUMANITY, SOCIETY AND COMMITMENT: ON KARL POLANYI: Black Rose Books, Montreal, 1994, 178pp, pbk (available from Jon Carpenter - see p.8 - £11.99). "We are not forced by human nature or the natural order to live in a world of scarcity and a society of acquisitiveness and materialism. These are conditions created by the structure of social organisations and its historical path of development". All who treasure the profound insights of Polanyi's *The Great Transformation* into the origins and development of modern industrial society, will enjoy these nine contributions on his life and thought - including his relations with his brother Michael, whose *Personal Knowledge* was another seminal book.

George Goyder: THE JUST ENTERPRISE: A BLUEPRINT FOR THE RESPONSIBLE COMPANY: Adamantine Press, 1993, 122pp, pbk, £16.95. "The size and scale of industrial organisation has altered out of recognition since the invention of limited liability one hundred and more years ago. But in that time virtually nothing has been done to bring company law into line with social reality. This is what puts the future of democracy in doubt, given the dominant role of business in the life of the community". Goyder proposes that after an appropriate period a public company should be converted into a public trust by regularly redeeming its shares. An important book, first published in 1987.

Henri Lustiger-Thaler and Daniel Salee (eds): ARTFUL PRACTICES: THE POLITICAL ECONOMY OF EVERYDAY LIFE: Black Rose Books, 1994, 188pp, pbk (available from Jon Carpenter - see p.8 - £11.99). Nine chapters - including case studies from Italy, Britain, Chile, Trinidad and Tobago, USA, Canada and Israel - "point to the importance of cultural practices in the social, political and economic realms. These practices become quests for community.., best grasped in the everyday web of social struggles and collective redefinitions of self, of others and, not least, of the State".

Ann Gillanders: REFLEXOLOGY: A STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE: Gaia, 1995, 143pp, pbk, £10.99. Reflexology works on a similar principle to acupuncture, but - instead of using needles - by applying pressure through the fingers to the minute reflex points in and around the feet and hands, in order to relieve congestion, inflammation and tension in specific parts of the body. Beautifully detailed maps of the reflex zones on feet and hands illustrate chapters on: stress and wellbeing; principles of reflexology; basic techniques; understanding the body systems; treating the feet; treating the hands; and treating specific ailments.

Judith H. Morrison: THE BOOK OF AYURVEDA: A GUIDE TO PERSONAL WELLBEING: Gaia, 1995, 191pp, pbk, £10.99. Ayurveda, practised for generations in countries like India and Sri Lanka, is a comprehensive approach to health and ill-health, based on the need to balance the subtle energies of our bodies and minds. This well produced book explains its origins and principles, its implications for the body in health and illness, and the maintenance of wellness in daily life, in food and diet, and mentally and emotionally.

## BOOKS RECEIVED (continued)

**Nicholas Albery et al (eds): BEST IDEAS:** Institute for Social Inventions, 1995, 288pp, pbk, £14.85. This new Compendium of Social Innovations includes ten award-winning ideas - the main one for Internet's New Civilisation Network. Also three pages of tips for people wanting to use Internet as a tool for socially innovative work. **BEFORE AND AFTER** (same editors and publisher), 1995, 79pp, pbk, £5.95, contains the best new ideas for improving the quality of dying and for inexpensive, green, family-organised, funerals.

**David Hicks (ed): PREPARING FOR THE FUTURE: NOTES AND QUERIES FOR CONCERNED EDUCATORS:** Adamantine (in association with WWF), 1995, 132pp, pbk, £13.50. Contributors include Richard Slaughter, Elise Boulding and Lester Brown. The adult life of today's pupils will stretch well into the late 21st century. They are entitled to an explicit and critical education for the future.

**Allen Tough: CRUCIAL QUESTIONS ABOUT THE FUTURE:** Adamantine, 1995, 141pp, pbk, £13.50. New edition has new chapter, "Making a Pledge to Humanity". Others are on "Intelligent Life In The Universe: Its Role In Our Future?" and "What Is Most Important Of All?" In 1992 we called the original edition "an important long-term analysis".

**Margrit Kennedy: INTEREST AND INFLATION FREE MONEY:** New Society, 1995, 144pp, pbk. \$14.95 (available from Jon Carpenter - see p.8 - £11.99). In September 1989 we said the original edition was "an exciting new pamphlet that tackles the question of fundamental reform in monetary practice and thought, in the context of global transformation". This revised and expanded edition has an additional chapter on "Practical Cases Today: Embryos of A New Economy".

**Peter H. Mettler (ed): SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY FOR EIGHT BILLION PEOPLE: EUROPE'S RESPONSIBILITY:** New European Publications in association with Adamantine, 1995, 333pp, hdbk, £39.50. Documents - from Europe, Canada, India, Japan and USA - from Europrospective III, an EU FAST programme conference on a new global science and technology agenda to serve people's basic needs and aspirations.

**David Wallace: ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY AND INDUSTRIAL INNOVATION: STRATEGIES IN EUROPE, US AND JAPAN:** Royal Institute of International Affairs and Earthscan, 1995, 282pp, pbk, £14.95. Experience in Denmark, Netherlands, Germany, France, Japan and USA has "lessons for policymakers, for industrialists, and for all who wish to understand how to reduce our impacts on the environment with the least possible restriction on economic growth and our quality of life".

**Hugh Barton and Noel Bruder: A GUIDE TO LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL AUDITING:** Earthscan, 1995, 370pp, pbk, £18.95. As Local Agenda 21 gathers support, this guide can help local authorities to adapt their policy and practice to environmental priorities. It covers nine key policy areas, including energy, transport, land use planning, and pollution control, and includes an analysis of current practice.

**Owen Lewis and John Goulding (eds): EUROPEAN DIRECTORY OF SUSTAINABLE AND ENERGY EFFICIENT BUILDING 1995: COMPONENTS, SERVICES AND MATERIALS:** James and James, 1995, 432pp, £49.50. After 236 pages of articles ranging from "Resource portfolios for teaching climate-responsive architectural design" to "Energy-efficient building in Hungary", this impressive directory lists - by product and alphabetically - over 3500 European companies and organisations.

## NEW ECONOMICS, NEW BUSINESS, NEW MONEY

"Mainstream economics today is incapable of addressing the economies of the poor, of which women comprise the overwhelming proportion". Throughout her fieldwork in Sub-Saharan Africa, Marja-Liisa Swantz has run into the need for new economic theory which will encompass the whole economy. "Alternative Paths to Sustainable Livelihood", in WIDER ANGLE, December 1994 (World Institute for Development Economics Research, Katajanokanlaituri 6B, 00160 Helsinki, Finland).

IN CONTEXT, Summer 1995 (PO Box 11470, Bainbridge Island, WA 98110, USA; editor Sarah van Gelder) is on "Business on a Small Planet". Contributors include: Paul Hawken on "The Next Reformation" and "The Natural Step", Paul Glover on "Grassroots Economics" and Willis Harman on "The Transformation of Business".

The NEW ACADEMY OF BUSINESS (Office 1, 3/4 Albion Place, Galena Road, London W6 0LT; Anita Roddick) has been set up to provide education for new, socially and environmentally responsible business. Excellent news, even if you don't agree we should continue to be so dependent on business as "the engine of the economy, the producer of jobs, the developer of resources, the provider of life chances".

NEW MONEY (92 Folly Lane, St. Albans, Herts AL3 5JH; Robin Currie), Spring 1995, includes Danyal Sattar (UK Social Investment Forum, 1st Floor, Vine Court, 112-116 Whitechapel Road, London E1 1JE) on "Banking as if People Mattered", and Matthew Criddle on the insurance industry's interest in sustainable development.

Mercury Provident celebrated its 21st birthday in 1995 by merging in July with Triodos Bank (Orlinsbury House, Lewes Road, Forest Row, East Sussex RH18 5AA) to create a larger, transnational, social bank to serve the growing social economy.

Duncan Smith's IN SEARCH OF SOCIAL JUSTICE, a 46pp booklet, 1995, £3, from the New Economics Foundation (see p.13) is an excellent introduction to the work and thought of the new economics movement.

In TRADE AND WELLBEING, 11pp., July 1995, David Griffiths (12 Herisson Close, Pickering, North Yorks YO18 7HB) argues for the World Trade Organisation to have environmental and social objectives, and for a "regional" approach to greater economic self-reliance.

"Economics is as much ideology as it is science, and neo-classical economics is not unrelated to the now dominating Western worldview ... Many scholars, environmentalists and other citizens are now sceptical about such a view of individuals, of business companies, of progress in society". Peter Soderbaum (Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences, Department of Economics, Box 7013, S-75007 Uppsala, Sweden) writes on "Actors, Ideology, Markets: Neoclassical and Institutional Perspectives" in ECOLOGICAL ECONOMICS 10 (1994).

Bruce Dyer (PROUTist Universal, PO Box 984, Nelson, New Zealand), edits PROUT AOTEAROA, based on P.R. Sarkar's progressive utilisation theory. An Auckland ALTERNATIVE FORUM will parallel the Commonwealth Heads of Government meeting in New Zealand in November. (For Sarkar on economic democracy, see p.7.)

Winifred Armstrong (400 Central Park West, Apt. 5P, New York, NY 10025, USA) is working to put on Internet the ecological concepts and social perspectives for a revised economics curriculum.

## NATURE, ENVIRONMENT, SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND HEALTH

NATURE AND SOCIETY FORUM (GPO Box 11, Canberra, ACT 2601, Australia; contact Stephen Boyden) is "a community-based organisation dedicated to the understanding of nature and of the human place in nature, and to the promotion of health in all sections of the human population and in the ecosystems of the biosphere". Activities include courses, publications, conferences, library and community displays.

Bamboo is the fastest growing canopy for greening degraded areas, and a high-yield renewable resource for building and furnishing, fuel briquettes, paper, human and animal food, and medicines. Activities of the ENVIRONMENTAL BAMBOO FOUNDATION (PO Box 196, Ubud 80571, Bali, Indonesia; Linda Garland) include conservation, agroforestry, data collection, research, education, training, design and marketing.

The Environmental Law Foundation (Lincolns Inn House, 42 Kingsway, London WC2B 6EX) has published its first three Litigation Manuals, written by solicitors and barristers practising in environmental law, giving an overview of issues and procedures, taking account of recent legislation and case law, and providing up-to-date tools to assist in environmental litigation: AIR POLLUTION AND WASTE INCINERATION (£10); NOISE POLLUTION (£18.50); and PRIVATE PROSECUTIONS (£16). Free p&p if you buy the set of three, otherwise add £2.50 per Manual.

NO PATENTS ON LIFE. A Declaration of Principles opposing patents on genetic material originating or derived from humans, animals and plants, is available from the Patent Concern Coalition (Genetics Forum, 3rd Floor, 5-11 Worship Street, London EC2A 2BH).

Kjell Dahle's (Postboks 1669 Vika, N-0120 Oslo, Norway) project on Local Experiments and Societal Change builds on the Ideas Bank of the Alternative Future Project and its 1990 publication ALTERNATIVER I PRAKSIS, and examines strategies for transition to a sustainable society - elite change, lobbying and political mobilisation, change from below, ever widening circles, preparing for the right moment.

National Friends of the Earth groups are involved in a Europe-wide campaign for sustainable development in Europe. Philippe Spapens (FOE Netherlands, PO Box 19199, 1000 GD Amsterdam) has sent the 28pp summary of a 240pp study, "Towards Sustainable Europe", by the Wuppertal Institute. This provides environmental groups in twenty five countries with a common framework to compare the present national use of "environmental space" with what will be sustainable, and debate with politicians, businesspeople, trade unionists and economists how the necessary reductions should be made.

"The task of creating a global development strategy that will accelerate humanity's coming of age constitutes a challenge to reshape fundamentally all the institutions of society". THE PROSPERITY OF HUMANKIND (Bahai Publishing Trust, 27 Rutland Gate, London SW7 1PD; 1995; 36pp) provides "an optimistic and practical vision of the way ahead to a truly sustainable future".

Prof. Jerzy Wojciechowski (80 Pleasant Park Road, Ottawa, Ontario K1H 5L9, Canada) was an author of the GLENVIEW PROPOSALS and DECLARATION, asking the July G-7 Summit in Halifax, Nova Scotia for: the global commons to be treated as the heritage of all humanity; responsible stewardship of our biosphere, atmosphere, ozone layer, water, soils, forests, oceans, and the electromagnetic spectrum; and responsible investment in our communities, our children, and our common future.

In GREEN JOBS? THE EMPLOYMENT IMPLICATIONS OF ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY, a 62pp report (November 1994) for WWF, Michael Jacobs (Centre for the Study of Environmental Change, Lancaster University, Lancaster LA1 4YN) analyses the employment effects of environmental regulation, environmental public spending, and eco-tax reform. With the exception of eco-tax reform, the net effects are likely to be relatively small. The old argument that environmental policy destroys jobs can finally be laid to rest.

The large steering mechanisms in society must be changed, as by eco-tax reform. On the other hand individuals must be enabled to empower themselves through building local communities, self-employment, and self-organisation. TOWARDS A SUSTAINABLE AND EQUITABLE FUTURE, 32pp booklet (1995) from Aktie Strohalm (Oude Gracht 42, 3511 AR Utrecht, Netherlands), argues for Eco-Tax Plus.

"Accounting for Change" is an excellent 4-page briefing (February 1995) from the ESRC Global Environmental Change Programme, on the role of sustainable development indicators - by Alex McGillivray and Simon Zadek (NEW ECONOMICS FOUNDATION, 1st Floor, Vine Court, 112 Whitechapel Road, London E1 1JE).

Eric Britton's (EcoPlan International, 10 Rue Joseph Bara, 75006 Paris, France) Memorandum of Commitment on "The Information Society and Sustainable Development" proposes that signatories reduce the transport intensity of their activities by 50% by the year 2000.

The research programme of the CLEARING HOUSE FOR APPLIED FUTURES (Volklinger Str.3a, 42285 Wuppertal, Germany; contacts Monika Kieslich and Peter Moll) will include sustainable modes of production and the empowerment of people at local and national levels.

The Ormansag Free School, opened by THE ORMANSAG FOUNDATION (H-7625 Pecs, Istvan u. 52, Hungary; Tamas Lantos), offers education for sustainable development in this rural area of South West Hungary.

Barbara Panvel (5 Pear Tree Grove, Shirley, Solihull, West Midlands B90 1LL) is a keen participant in the CENTRE FOR HOLISTIC STUDIES (79 Carter Road, Bandra, Bombay 400 050, India) and its search for fundamentally just, sustainable, practical methods of development. Impressive list of publications, January 1995.

Don de Silva (97 Tudor Avenue, Watford, Herts WD2 4NU), is a senior director of Worldview International Foundation, helping the Mihikatha (Mother Earth) Institute (11 Sri Saranankara Road, Dehiwala, Sri Lanka) to publish CONNECTIONS newsletter on Communication, Environment, Rights of People, and Sustainable Development.

WHOLE WORKS Cooperative (c/o Hornbeam Environmental Centre, 458 Hoe Street, London E17 9AH; Paul Wren) provides education and training in using recycled and organic materials in the construction industry.

The South Bank University (103 Borough Road, London SE1 0AA; Academic Coordinator Aileen McKenzie) has launched a two and a half year, part-time, distance learning MSc/PG Dip course in ENVIRONMENTAL AND DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION for teachers and other educators.

The LEEDS DECLARATION is on New Ways to Understand and Solve Public Health Problems - from Dr Alex Scott-Samuel (218 Allerton Road, Liverpool L18 6JN), now setting up a Liverpool University research unit on health inequalities, as a senior lecturer in public health.

## LAND, WATER AND ENERGY

"The land is our most fundamental resource. All of us depend on it for homes, food and livelihoods, a sense of place and a sense of belonging. ... Today just a tiny handful of landowners and developers decide how the land is employed. As a result, development takes place not for our benefit but for theirs. Our common spaces are given over to office blocks, car parks, roads and superstores. Housing land is left idle or used to build prestige developments rather than homes for the homeless. Farmland is treated as a factory floor, from which landscape features and wildlife habitats are erased". THE LAND IS OURS (82 Percy Street, Oxford OX4 3AD; contact George Monbiot) is a new land rights movement for Britain.

"It is the issues of Land (and water and all the vital resources without which we cannot survive) that most of us, the so-called middle or professional class, must now make our own". "Poor people depend heavily on non-private (common) lands. Such lands have been progressively encroached upon to the point of virtual elimination". "Ground Realities", in DEVELOPMENT ALTERNATIVES, June 1995 (B32 Tara Crescent, Qutab Institutional Area, New Delhi 110 016, India).

The Land Policy Council is a new initiative, set up by Fred Harrison (7 Kings Road, Teddington, Middlesex TW11 0QB). In LAND AND LIBERTY, Summer 1995, John Loveless, chairman of the Centre for Incentive Taxation (177 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London SW1V 1EU), calls on Georgists to plant their message about the good society in the hearts and minds of the people of the world. Also at the latter address are the International Union for Land Value Taxation and Free Trade, and the Economic and Social Science Research Association (ESSRA).

"The millennium should be celebrated [with] a new Magna Carta [restoring] all the rights the barons took from the people and the Crown. As a result, the rental income from land could be used to abolish income tax. That's something everybody would remember". This letter in the *Evening Standard* was quoted in PRACTICAL POLITICS, April 1995, a Land Value Taxation Campaign newsletter distributed free to selected Members of both Houses of Parliament - contact David K. Mills (54 Woodway, Hutton, Brentwood, Essex).

"The citizen's dividend is a share of our natural heritage. By being a child of God or Gaia, each living thing is entitled to a fair share of air, water, land - and, among us humans in this modern symbolic economy, to a fair share of Earth's worth too". THE GEONOMIST, Summer 1995, focuses on natural rent, and advocates proper planet management by aligning politics with natural law. Contact Gary Flo (30401 Navarro Ridge Road, Albion, CA 95410, USA).

"An overhaul of our economic system is long overdue, and Land Reform should be a priority... In the UK just 1% of the population owns 52% of the land". Lifestyle Movement newsletter, LIVING GREEN, No.17, Summer 1995 (editors Euan McPhee and Nona Wright, 23 Springfield Rd., Guildford GU1 4DW) supports land reform and land value taxation.

How would ecotax reform, shifting taxes to land and energy and pollution, and away from employment, incomes and profits, affect specific sectors of the economy? Bill Martin and Sandra Mason (Leisure Consultants, Lint Growls, Foxearth, Sudbury, Suffolk CO10 7JX) open a discussion on the implications for the leisure sector, in LEISURE STUDIES ASSOCIATION newsletter, No.40, March 1995 (Chelsea School Research Centre, University of Brighton, Eastbourne BN20 7SP).

"Our taxes have been chasing shadows for too long." "Land Taxes" is a 3-page article in FOURTH WORLD REVIEW, No.68, 1995 (24 Abercorn Place, London NW8 9XP) 'monitored' by Peter Etherden (see p.7) from James Robertson's approach to ecotax reform in "Future Wealth".

"Troubled Waters: Lakes and Inland Seas" is the theme of PEOPLE & THE PLANET, Vol.4, No.2, 1995 (1 Woburn Walk, London WC1H 0JJ; editor John Rowley). The Aral, Baltic, Black and Caspian Seas, and Lakes Baikal, Balaton, Ichkeul, Malawi, Managua, Nakuru, Victoria, the Great Lakes of North America, and many lakes in India and China, are now in decline or threatened by pollution and engineering works.

Negawatts, generated by investing in energy efficiency and energy conservation, reduce the need for new power stations. The ROCKY MOUNTAIN INSTITUTE's Spring 1995 newsletter (RMI, 1739 Snowmass Creek Road, Snowmass, CO 81654, USA) describes a Negadam investment in water conservation, at one twelfth of the projected cost of the new dam otherwise needed. The "safest driving is Negatrips - not having to go at all" - ENNA, Vol.1, No.1, Spring 1995 from the Ecovillage Network of North America (PO Box 90, Summertown, TN 38483, USA). And a Negakid Fund, through which childless people could contribute the money they would have spent on children to environmental causes, is suggested in BEST IDEAS - see p.10. (That's enough Negatives - eds.)

Michael Zakrzewski, now 92, is retiring from ECCA (Environmental Centre for Coastal Areas, PO Box 3540, Durban 4000, South Africa), and hopes it will be incorporated in new arrangements for marine management for coastal areas in Kwazulu Natal.

Domestic renewable energy strategies combining photovoltaics and a wind turbine are discussed in "Off the Grid" in COMMON GROUND, May/June 1995 (Smutternagh, Knockvicar, Boyle, Co. Roscommon, Eire). CAT Consultancy has been installing photovoltaic arrays on domestic roofs - reported in CLEAN SLATE, Spring 1995 (Centre for Alternative Technology, Machynlleth, Powys SY20 9AZ).

New uses are continuing to emerge for the Parry light tram, powered by energy stored in a revolving flywheel. Details from Parry People Movers (Overend Road, Cradleigh Heath, West Midlands B64 7DD).

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OPERATION PEACE THROUGH UNITY (Anthony and Gita Brooke, 4 Allison Street, Wanganui 5001, New Zealand) has persuaded the Wanganui District Council that, if a UN Second Assembly (a peoples'assembly) is set up, Wanganui should have a direct link with it.

LEARNING IN A TIME OF PARADIGM CHANGE is a discussion paper on Global Change, Development, and Implications for Housing by John Turner (51 St. Mary's Terrace, West Hill, Hastings, East Sussex TN34 3LR).

"Christians and Road Safety", GREEN CHRISTIANS, May/July 1995 (editor Dennis Richards, Flat 3, 35 Buckingham Gate, London SW1E 6PA) reports that: Church Commissioners gave the Archbishop of Canterbury a Ford Scorpio with a top speed of over 130 mph; the Bishop of Barking told worshippers that driving his Mercedes was "very powerful and great fun"; a 70 year old Italian nun said, after winning a sports car, "I like the motorway because you can go so fast. I press on the accelerator, I press and press until the car can't bear it any more"; and a former Archbishop of Paris, given a car on his retirement, stalled it on a level crossing and died when hit by a train.

## SOME DATES TO NOTE

- 1-3 September, Lambeth. BELONG community project weekend. Details from Michael Keen (0171-274 2206).
- 2 September, London. ROLLING PARLIAMENT AND POLITICAL FAIR. St. James's Church Piccadilly, 10.30am and into the evening. Speakers include Richard Body, Bishop David Jenkins, James Robertson, Anita Roddick, Andrew Samuels, Jeremy Seabrook, Charles Secrett. Details from John Gordon, The St. James's Alliance (0171-734 4511).
- 15-17 September, Bath. PREPARING SCHOOLS FOR THE FUTURE. Details from David Hicks, Global Futures Project, Bath College of Higher Education, Newton Park, Bath BA2 9BN.
- 26 September, Birmingham. NEIGHBOURHOOD INITIATIVES FOUNDATION Annual Conference. Details from NIP - see p.6.
- 7 October, Bristol. THE QUESTION OF HOPE. Bristol Cancer Help Centre 15th Anniversary Conference. Details from Elaine Smith, In Any Event UK, 1 Riverside, St. Anne's Road, Bristol BS4 4ED.
- 9 October, London. THROUGH THE CREATION TO THE CREATOR. 6.15pm, Burlington House. Lecture by Bishop Kallistos of Diokleia (Timothy Ware). Details from Friends of the Centre, 8th Floor, Rodwell House, Middlesex Street, London E1 7HJ.
- 12-15 October, Italy. WORK AND ECOLOGICAL CONVERSION: Fair of Practical Utopias, and seminar on the future of work. Participants include James Robertson and Wolfgang Sachs. Details from Dr. Karl-Ludwig Schibel, Laboratorio Ambientale dell'Alta Valle del Tevere, Comune, 06012 Citta di Castello, Italy.
- 14 October, Northants. A NATION AT EASE WITH ITSELF? 10.30am at Scott Bader, Wallaston. Industry Churches Forum seminar. Details from John Raymond, Pantiles Lodge, 1 Ribble Close, Wellingborough NN8 5XJ.
- 21 October, Bristol. SCHUMACHER LECTURES by Karl-Henrik Robert, Maneka Gandhi and Mark Edwards. Details from Schumacher Society, Foxhole, Dartington, Totnes TQ9 6EB.
- 21 October, London. ECONOMICS AS IF SOUL MATTERED. Seminar, St. James's Church Piccadilly. Speakers: Andrew Samuels and Perry Walker. Details from Dunamis (197 Piccadilly, London W1V 0LL).
- 28 October, London. WHAT IS POST-HUMANISM? with John Gray, Geoff Mulgan, Sandy Irvine. Details from ECO, The Campaign for Political Ecology (57 Haliburton Road, St. Margarets, Twickenham TW1 1PD).
- 8 November, London. REDEFINING THE GREEN MOVEMENT with Jonathon Porritt and Richard North, chaired by Ronald Higgins. St. James's Piccadilly, 6.30-9pm. Details from Dunamis (see above).
- 11-12 November, Penrith. ASPECTS OF SUSTAINABILITY. Speakers include Neil Fuller, Francis Kinsman, Alison Pritchard and James Robertson. Details from Bridge Educational Trust, Carrock House, Hesketh Newmarket, Wigton, Cumbria CA7 8JT.
- 1st December, London. CITIZENS INCOME: HOW BEST TO WIN THE ARGUMENT. Connaught Hall, 12.15-5pm. Details from Citizens Income Study Centre, St. Philips Building, Sheffield Street, London WC2A 2EX.